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(21) International Application Number: PCT/US98/09820 (22) International Filing Date: 14 May 1998 (14.05.98) (30) Priority Data: 08/859,533 20 May 1997 (20.05.97) US (71) Applicant: ADC TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. [US/US]; 12501 Whitewater Drive, Minnetonka, MN 55343 (US). (72) Inventor: LU, Liang-Ju; 15815 Scenic Heights Road, Eden Prairie, MN 55344 (US). (74) Agent: BRUESS, Steven, C.; Merchant, Gould, Smith, Edell, Welter & Schmidt, P.A., 3100 Norwest Center, 90 South Seventh Street, Minneapolis, MN 55402-4131 (US).		(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.</i>
(54) Title: FIBER CONNECTOR AND ADAPTER (57) Abstract Fiberoptic connector and adapter assembly (10) includes a fiberoptic connector (12) received within an adapter (14). The connector has a cover (66) on the connector housing (50). The cover pivots between open and closed positions to expose or cover, respectively, an optical fiber (60) contained within the connector. Longitudinal guides (64) of the connector are received cooperating with longitudinal guides (42, 42') of the adapter to direct the connector into the adapter in a prescribed alignment. A cam pin (46) is carried on the adapter to engage a cam pin receiving slot (68) on the cover to urge the cover to the open position as the connector is inserted into the adapter.		

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FIBER CONNECTOR AND ADAPTER

I. BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

5 This invention pertains to connectors and adapters for optical fibers. More particularly, this invention pertains to such connectors and adapters which include end caps for covering an end of the connector or adapter when the connector is not inserted into a mating adapter.

2. Description of the Prior Art

10 Fiberoptic connectors historically presented exposed ends. Further, adapters which received such connectors presented exposed interior elements. The exposed ends and interior elements included the terminal ends of optical fibers. As a result, such terminal ends would be susceptible to impact damage or the like. Further, light transmitted through the optical fiber could inadvertently be directed into the eye of a technician or other person viewing the optical fiber or adapter.

15 The prior art has developed end caps for covering optical fibers when a connector is not in use. An example of such is shown in U.S. Patent No. 5,348,487 to Marazzi et al dated September 20, 1994. Figures 5 and 6 of the '487 patent illustrate two types of end caps which are pivoted to an open position as the end cap is placed within an adapter. Figures 7 and 8 illustrate an embodiment where a end cap 6 is pivoted to an open position and then slid rearwardly to expose a ferrule 5. An adapter for the connector is shown in Fig. 9. The adapter includes both an external housing 16 and an internal housing 15. The internal housing 15 includes a slot 30 which receives a pin 29 of the end cap 6. The slot 30 causes both the pivoting and the sliding action of the end cap 6 as the connector is placed within the adapter. Furthermore, the adapter includes an internal door 32 (shown in Fig. 10) which covers internal ferrules 2 when a connector 1 is removed from the adapter. Upon placement of a connector 1 into the adapter, the end cap is pivoted and slid to an open position and the door is pivoted to an open position. Further examples of such structures are found in U.S. Patents 5,420,951 and 5,363,460. These patents show fiberoptic connectors to be joined in adapters. While not SC adapters, the adapters shown in these patents are sized to have cross-sectional profile (i.e., footprint) the same as so-called SC adapters. An SC adapter is shown in commonly assigned U.S. Patent No. 5,317,663.

35 SC adapters are standard industry adapters having a fixed external size and geometry. The structure of the aforementioned '951, '487 and '460 patents provide

end caps and internal doors for the purpose of blocking light or protecting elements in connectors. However, the manner in which such functions are achieved restricts the density of fiberoptic connectors. Namely, in those patents, only single pairs of connectors may be optically coupled within a single adapter. Within the industry, it is desirable to provide up to two pairs of connectors being optically coupled in a single adapter. It is an object of the present invention to provide protective covering and doors for connectors and adapters in a structure that permits two connectors pairs to be coupled in an adapter having the same size as a standard size SC adapter.

II. SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to preferred embodiment of the present invention, a fiberoptic connector and adapter assembly comprises a fiberoptic connector with an optical fiber disposed within the connector housing. A cover is carried on the connector housing and pivots between an open and a closed position. In the closed position the cover closes an opening of the connector housing. In an open position, the cover exposes the opening. The connector housing includes a longitudinal guide aligned with a longitudinal axis of the connector housing. The cover further includes a cam pin receiving slot. The adapter includes an adapter housing sized to receive the connector housing. A fiber coupling mechanism is contained within the interior of the adapter to align with an optical fiber of an inserted connector. The adapter housing further includes a longitudinal guide which cooperates with the longitudinal connector guide to direct the connector into axial alignment with the adapter fiber coupling mechanism. The adapter housing further includes a cam pin disposed within the interior to be received within the cam pin receiving slot to urge the cover from a closed position to an open position as the connector housing is inserted into the adapter housing.

III. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a connector/adapter assembly including an SC adapter containing two pairs of optically coupled connectors;

Fig. 2 is an end elevation view of the connector/adapter assembly of Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 is a view taken along line 3-3 of Fig. 2;

Fig. 4 is a view taken along line 4-4 of Fig. 3;

Fig. 5 is a front, top and side perspective view of the connector used in the assembly of Fig. 1 with an end cap shown in an open position;

Fig. 6 is the view of Fig. 5 with the end cap shown in the closed position;

Fig. 7 is an exploded perspective view of the connector of Fig. 5;

Fig. 8 is a front elevation view of the connector of Fig. 6;

Fig. 9 is a view taken along line 9-9 of Fig. 8;

Fig. 10 is a view similar to that of Fig. 5 showing an alternative embodiment of a connector which contains a ferrule;

Fig. 11 is the view of Fig. 10 with an end cap in an open position;

5 Fig. 12 is an end elevation view of the connector of Fig. 11;

Fig. 13 is a view taken along line 13-13 of Fig. 12;

Fig. 14 is an exploded perspective view of the connector of Fig. 10;

Fig. 15 is the view of Fig. 3 with an alternative embodiment connector and adapter;

10 Fig. 16 is a view taken along line 16-16 of Fig. 15;

Fig. 17 is a perspective view of the adapter of the assembly of Fig. 1;

Fig. 18 is an end elevation view of the adapter of Fig. 17 with one door shown in a closed position;

Fig. 19 is a view taken along line 19-19 of Fig. 18;

15 Fig. 20 is a view taken along line 20-20 of Fig. 19;

Fig. 21 is the view of Fig. 19 showing an alternative embodiment adapter;

Fig. 22 is a view taken along line 22-22 of Fig. 21;

Fig. 23 is a side elevation view with internal elements shown in phantom lines of a connector of Fig. 11 being initially inserted into an adapter of Fig. 21;

20 Fig. 24 is the view of Fig. 23 showing additional insertion of the connector to a point where an end cap is about to pivot toward an open position;

Fig. 25 is the view of Fig. 24 showing still further insertion of the connector to a point where an internal door of the adapter is shown in the fully open position and the end cap is not yet to a fully open position;

25 Fig. 26 is the view of Fig. 25 showing still further insertion where the door is about halfway pivoted; and

Fig. 27 is the view of Fig. 26 showing yet further insertion of the connector into the adapter with both the door of the adapter and the end cap of the connector shown in fully open positions.

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IV. DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

With initial reference to Figs 1-4, a connector/adapter assembly 10 is shown including four fiberoptic connectors 12 (each of identical construction) contained within a single adapter 14. The external geometry of the adapter 14 is the same as that shown in U.S. Patent No. 5,317,663. In other words, the cross sectional area of the adapter 14 is identical to that of a standard SC adapter such as that shown in U.S. Patent No. 5,317,663 so that the adapter 14 may be inserted into preexisting applications which received the prior SC adapter of U.S. Patent No. 5,317,663.

The adapter 14 is separately shown in Figs 17-20 to which attention is now directed. The adapter 14 includes two halves 16, 16' joined at a flange 18. The flange 18 may be placed within a sheet metal support so that multiple adapters 14 can be positioned in side-by-side alignment on a sheet metal panel. Preferably, when the halves 16, 16' are joined, the part line between the halves 16, 16' is ultrasonically welded so that the halves 16, 16' form an inseparable and solid adapter 14.

The top and bottom walls 20, 21 and sidewalls 36 of the adapter define an adapter housing having an longitudinal axis X-X. The adapter 14 presents a generally rectangular cross section perpendicular to axis X-X and including a major transverse axis Y-Y and a minor transverse axis Z-Z. An interior wall 22 extends along the longitudinal axis X-X and perpendicular to the major transverse axis Y-Y. The wall 22 divides the interior of the adapter housing into first and second chamber pairs 24, 24a and 24', 24a'. Connectors inserted within opposing chambers 24, 24a are optically coupled. Similarly connectors inserted into opposing chambers 24', 24a' are optically coupled.

The chambers 24, 24' are separated from the opposing chambers 24a, 24a' by interior wall segment 26 containing fiber coupling mechanisms 28, 28'. In the embodiments of Figs 17-20 the fiber coupling mechanism 28, 28' is a micro capillary sleeve 29, 29' contained within a cylindrical housing 31, 31'. The micro capillary sleeves 29, 29' have internal bores 30, 30' for receiving an optical fiber. The micro capillary sleeves 29, 29' are aligned with their axes being parallel to the longitudinal axis X-X and centrally positioned (relative to the major transverse axis Y-Y) within the chambers 24, 24'. The micro capillary sleeve includes a reservoir 35, 35' for receiving an index matching fluid to provide index matching between opposing optical fibers inserted into bores 30, 30'. An O-ring 53, 53' surrounds the exterior of the cylindrical housing 31, 31' at wall 26. The O-ring 53, 53' is sized with an outer diameter greater than a diameter of a forward opening 58 (Fig. 5) of the connector 12.

The use of micro capillary sleeves 29, 29' contained within the adapter 14 is for use with so-called ferruleless connectors such as those shown in Figs. 1-4. It will be appreciated that the present invention is also applicable to connectors which contain ferrules. In such an embodiment, the fiber coupling mechanism 28 is not a micro capillary sleeve but will include a split sleeve 29a, 29a' for receiving ferrules contained on the connectors. Such an embodiment is illustrated in Figs 21-22.

Doors 38 are pivotally secured to the upper wall 20 to pivot between an open position (shown on right hand side of the adapter in Fig. 18) and a closed position (shown on the left hand side of Fig. 18). The doors 38 are sized such that in the

closed position, the doors 38 block direct visual inspection through the open ends of the adapter 14 to the fiber coupling mechanisms 28. As a result, in an event a fiberoptic connector is connected to one side of the fiber coupling mechanism 28 (e.g., the right side of Fig. 12), the closed door 38 on the opposite sides prevents a technician from looking directly at light on the opposite side of the fiber coupling mechanism 28. The doors 38 are spring loaded to the closed position shown in Fig. 38 by springs 39. Stop posts 40 contained on opposing interior surfaces of the walls 36, 22 limit the movement of the doors 38 past the open position.

The adapter 14 also includes longitudinal adapter guides 42, 42' in the form of longitudinally extending rails which extend parallel to the longitudinal axis X-X in close proximity to the lower wall 21. At the open ends of the adapter 14, the upper wall 20 is provided with internally extending protrusions 44 for the purpose of locking a connector in place as will be described. Also, the opposing interior surfaces of the walls 36, 22 include cam pins 46 for purposes that will be described. The doors 38 included cut out sides such that as the door 38 pivots to the closed position, the door 38 is free to pass both the cam pins 46 and the longitudinal adapter guides 42.

With reference to Figs 5-9, the connector 12 includes an outer connector housing 50. The connector 50 has a longitudinal axis X'-X' and a front end 52 having a major transverse axis Y'-Y' and minor transverse axis Z'-Z' (Fig 8). The major transverse axis Y'-Y' extends from a base wall 54 to a top edge 56. The front end 52 includes a connector opening 58 through which a terminal end of an optical fiber 60 extends. The optical fiber 60 is an extension of an optical fiber carried in an optical cable 62 connected to the connector 12.

Within connector 12, the fiber 60 passes through a mandrel 51 and a crimp 57 to define two crimp zones for crimping on the cable's reinforced fiber (not shown) and internal 9 mm fiber 63. A strain relief boot 65 surrounds the mandrel 51 and cable 62. The interior of the housing 50 includes an internal cavity 67 (Fig. 9) to permit small amounts of displacement of fiber 60 as opposing fibers butt within the micro capillary sleeves 29 as opposing connectors 12 are optically coupled.

To increase return loss, the fiber 60 is angularly cleaved. When opposing fibers 60 are mated in the index matching fluid within micro capillary sleeves 29, 29', the angular mating surfaces can be slightly overlapped (for example, by several microns). The mechanical stress induced by connecting optical fibers can be reduced by the elastic properties of the fiber 60 accommodated by cavity 67.

The hole 58 at front end 52 is an entrance to a cylindrical chamber 69 (Fig. 9) sized in close tolerance to the outer diameter of the adapter's cylindrical housing 31. An O-ring 55 is contained within chamber 69. O-ring 55 is sized with an outside

diameter greater than the internal diameter of chamber 69. The inside diameter of O-ring 53 is smaller than the outside diameter of cylindrical housing 31. The outside diameter of O-ring 53 is greater than the diameter of opening 58. As shown in Figs. 3 and 4, when connector 12 is fully inserted, O-ring 53 is squeezed into opening 58. At the same time, O-ring 55 is squeezed. The O-rings 53, 55 keep any moisture or water from penetrating the optical coupling. With reference to Figs. 3 and 4, it will be appreciated that O-rings 53, 55 cooperate to provide circumferential and axial seals.

The housing 50 is sized to be received within any one of chambers 24, 24a, 24', 24a' of the adapter 14. The connector 12 includes a longitudinal connector guide in the form of longitudinally extending slots 64 on opposite sides of the connector housing 50. The slots 64 are parallel to the longitudinal axis X'-X' and are spaced from the lower wall 54. The slots 64 are positioned to receive the guide rails 42, 42' when the connector 12 is inserted into the adapter 14 with the base 54 abutting the lower wall 21 and with the major transverse axis Y'-Y' of the connector 12 in parallel alignment with the minor transverse axis Z-Z of the adapter 14.

A cover 66 is pivotally secured to the connector housing 50 to pivot about an axis Z"-Z" which is parallel to axis Z'-Z' and spaced rearwardly of the front face 52. Fig. 5 shows the cover 66 in an open position exposing the opening 58 and the fiber 60. Fig. 6 shows the connector 12 with the cover 66 pivoted to a closed position closing the opening 58 and covering the fiber 60.

The cover 66 includes a cam pin receiving slot 68 positioned at the axis Z"-Z". As will be more fully described, the slot 68 is positioned to receive the pin 46 when the cover 66 is in the closed position as the connector 12 is inserted into the adapter 14. The pin 46 rotates the cover 66 to the open position at which point the pin 46 exits the slot 68 upon further insertion. Removal of the connector 12 from the adapter 14 reverses the action so that the pin 46 causes the cover 66 to pivot to the closed position.

As shown in Fig. 7, the housing 50 includes two detents 70, 72. The cover 66 includes a pin 74. The detents 70, 72 and pin 74 are mutually positioned such that the pin 74 is received within the detent 72 when the cover 66 is in the closed position. The pin 74 is received within the detent 70 when the cover 66 is in the open position. Positioning of the pin 74 within the detents 70, 72 acts to hold the cover 66 in a fixed position (i.e., either held in an open or closed position).

The edge 56 includes a forwardly protruding cam surface 76 and a cut out portion 78. The cam portion 76 is disposed to engage the cover 38 as the connector 12 is inserted into the adapter 14. The cut out 78 is sized to receive the pivoted

cover 66 when the connector 12 is fully inserted into adapter 14 and the cover 66 is in a full open position.

With prior art connectors, latches have been provided to secure a connector to an adapter. However, such latches commonly included voids into which fibers
5 could migrate and become caught or lodged. The present invention utilizes a connecting clip 80 having a free end 82 and an end 84 secured to the housing 50. The free end 82 is positioned between the front end 52 and the end 84 such that the cantilevered clip 80 points forwardly. The clip 80 includes a ramp surface 86 at the free end 82 to engage the protruding ledges 44 of adapter 14 when fully inserted.
10 Depression of the clip 80 frees the ramp edge 86 from the ledges 44 so that the connector 12 can be removed.

The rails 42 are received within the slots 64 to guide and direct the connector 12 in the desired direction of travel along axis X'-X'. The free end 82 includes a cutout to permit the free end 82 to pass the edge 56 in close tolerance (indicated by
15 spacing 83 in Fig. 9) such that opposing surfaces of the edge 56 and free end 82 are separated by a spacing 83 smaller than the diameter of the cable 62. Accordingly, cable 62 cannot migrate inadvertently into the volume 85 (Fig. 9) defined between the opposing surfaces of the connector housing 50 and the clip 80.

With the construction thus described, two connectors 12 may be placed side
20 by side into an adapter 14. As a result, the connectors 12 may be individually moved or inserted. From time to time, it may be desirable to couple adjacent connectors 12 so that they are simultaneously inserted or removed. A coupling clip 100 (Figs 1-4) is provided. The clip 100 includes a body portion 102 sized to match a spacing between adjacent connector housings 50 and configured to mate with the
25 opposing surfaces of the connector housings 50. Pins 104 (Fig. 4) protrude from the body 102 and project into holes 105 (Fig. 5) in the connector housings 50. The clip 100 further includes a cap 107 to span the upper surfaces of the adjacent connectors 12. As a result, the spacer 100 securely connects two connectors 12 so that they may be removed or inserted simultaneously. It will be appreciated that the spacer 100 is
30 optional to permit connectors 12 to be individually or simultaneously removed or replaced at the option of a technician.

With the structure thus described, two connectors 12 may be placed in an adapter 14 having the same footprint of an SC adapter of prior art construction. Further, both of the connectors 12 include pivoting end caps 66 for covering the
35 fiber 60 contained within the connector. The adapter 14 includes a pivoting door 38 for covering internal optical components and shielding such components from the eye of a technician.

The foregoing description pertains to a ferruleless connector 12 and mating adapter 14. The invention is also applicable to a ferrule-containing connector 12' and mating adapter 14'. These are illustrated in Figs. 10-21. Elements of this embodiment in common with the first described embodiment are not separately described and are identically numbered with the addition of an apostrophe to distinguish the embodiments.

The connector 12' is separately shown in Figs. 10-14. The adapter 14' is shown in Figs. 21 and 22. Figs. 15 and 16 show an assembly of the connector 12' and adapter 14'.

Unlike the connector 12, connector 12' contains a ferrule 13' axially positioned in chamber 69' and protruding beyond the front end 52'. The ferrule 13' is contained within a hub 15' biased from a mandrel 51' by a spring 17'. The fiber 60' passes through the ferrule 13'. The adapter 14' contains a split sleeve 29a, 29a' to receive ferrules 13' and align opposing ferrules 13' and fibers 60' in axial alignment. In all other material respects, connector 12 and 12' and adapters 14, 14' are identical.

The sequence of operation of the device is best illustrated in Figs 23-27. In the embodiment shown in Figs 23-27, a connector 12' containing an internal ferrule 13 (such as that shown in Fig. 13) is shown being inserted into an adapter 14'.

In Fig. 23, the connector 12' is first inserted into the adapter 14'. The cover 66' is in the closed position and has moved the door 38' to cause the door 38' to pivot. The pin 46 is not yet received in the slot 68'. Fig. 24 shows further insertion where the pin 46 is just received in slot 68' but is not yet causing the connector cover 66' to pivot. The cam 76' is positioned to engage door 38'.

Upon further insertion, the view of Fig. 25 is attained where the cam edge 76' is engaging the door 38' to cause the door to pivot to an open position such that the cover 66' is free for pivotal movement. At this point, the pin 46' is urging against the slot surfaces 68' to cause the cover 66' to pivot. As the cover 66' pivots, the pin 74' moves out of the detent 72'.

Still further insertion is illustrated in Fig. 26 where the cam edge 76' retains the door 38' in the open position and where the cover 66' is not yet at a full open position but the ferrule 13' is exposed and aligned with the coupling mechanism 28'. At this point, the cover 66' is halfway through its full rotational movement as illustrated by the pin 74' being halfway between the detents 70', 72'.

Fig. 27 shows still further insertion where the cover 66' has been moved to its full open position with the pin 74' received within the detent 70' and with the cover 66' snugly received within the detent 78'. Further insertion of the connector 12' at this point causes the ferrule 13' to be passed into the fiber coupling mechanism 28 and for the clip ramp surface 86' to slide under and be captured by the retaining

edges 44'. Upon depression of the clip 80', the connector 12' can be removed reversing the sequence of operation and causing the pin 46' to rotate the cover 66' to the fully down position. The spring 39 causes the door 38' to pivot to a closed position.

- 5 The foregoing details of the description of the present invention illustrates how the novel combination of novel connector and adapter achieve the functions of a cover of the end of the connector and a door within the adapter as well as permitting a design which permits two connectors to be fitted in side-by-side relation in a single SC adapter having the same cross sectional area as prior art SC adapters.
- 10 Accordingly, the density is doubled over the density of prior art connectors having covers such as those shown in the aforementioned U.S. Patent No. 5,363,460.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A fiberoptic connector and adapter assembly comprising:
a fiberoptic connector having:
an outer connector housing having a longitudinal connector axis;
5 an optical fiber disposed within said connector housing and having a terminal end exposed through an opening in a leading end of said connector housing;
a cover carried on said connector housing and pivotally connected thereto to pivot between a cover open and a cover closed position, said cover in said cover closed position covering said opening, said cover in said cover open position
10 exposing said opening;
said connector housing including a longitudinal connector guide aligned with said longitudinal connector axis;
said cover including a cam pin receiving slot;
an adapter having:
15 an adapter housing having a longitudinal adapter axis and having walls defining an interior and an open end sized to receive said leading end with said longitudinal connector axis aligned with said longitudinal adapter axis;
a fiber coupling mechanism contained within said interior to couple with said optical fiber when said connector housing is inserted into said adapter
20 housing to a fully inserted position;
a longitudinal adapter guide disposed to cooperate with said longitudinal connector guide to direct said connector opening into axial alignment with said fiber coupling mechanism as said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to said fully inserted position;
25 a cam pin disposed within said interior to be received within said cam pin receiving slot and urge said cover from said cover closed position to said cover open position as said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to said fully inserted position.
- 30 2. An assembly according to claim 1 wherein:
said cam pin is further disposed to urge said cover from said cover open position to said cover closed position as said connector housing is removed from said adapter housing.
- 35 3. An assembly according to claim 1 wherein:
said adapter housing includes an internal door disposed within said interior and movable between a door open position and a door closed position, in said door open position said fiber coupling mechanism exposed through said adapter

open end, in said door closed position said door covering said fiber coupling mechanism;

5 a cam surface carried on said connector housing and positioned to urge said door from said door closed to said door open position as said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to said fully inserted position.

4. An assembly according to claim 1 wherein:
said adapter housing has a substantially rectangular cross-section perpendicular to said adapter longitudinal axis, said cross-section including a major
10 transverse axis and a minor transverse axis;

said adapter housing including an internal wall extending parallel to said minor transverse axis and dividing said interior into first and second connector receiving chambers each sized to receive individual ones of said connector housings and each having respective ones of said fiber coupling mechanism, said longitudinal
15 adapter guide and said cam pin.

5. An assembly according to claim 4 wherein:
said connector housing has a connector transverse axis perpendicular to both said connector longitudinal axis and a pivot axis of said cover;
20 said connector guide and said cam pin receiving slot disposed to align with said adapter guide and said cam pin when said connector housing is inserted into one of said chambers with said connector transverse axis parallel with said minor transverse axis.

25 6. An assembly according to claim 1 wherein:
said connector housing includes a retaining clip carried thereon for releasably connecting with said adapter housing;
said retaining clip including a movable end and a clip body having a fixed end secured to said connector housing, said clip body spaced from said
30 connector housing to define a volume;
said retaining clip disposed for said movable end to be positioned between said connector opening and said fixed end.

7. An assembly according to claim 6 wherein:
35 said movable end is spaced from opposing surfaces of said connector housing by a distance less than a thickness of a fiberoptic cable secured to said connector housing.

8. An assembly according to claim 1 wherein both of said adapter and said connector include O-ring seals for sealing mating elements when said connector is inserted into said adapter.

- 5 9. A fiberoptic connector for mating with an adapter having an adapter housing having a longitudinal adapter axis and having walls defining an interior and an open end, a fiber coupling mechanism contained within said interior to couple with an aligned optical fiber, a longitudinal adapter guide aligned with said longitudinal adapter axis, a cam pin disposed within said interior, said connector
- 10 comprising:
- an outer connector housing having a longitudinal connector axis and sized for a leading end of said connector housing to be received within said adapter open end and with said longitudinal connector axis aligned with said longitudinal adapter axis;
- 15 an optical fiber disposed within said connector housing and having a terminal end exposed through a connector opening in a leading end of said connector housing, said fiber disposed for said terminal end to be coupled with said fiber coupling mechanism when said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to a fully inserted position;
- 20 a cover carried on said connector housing and pivotally connected thereto to pivot between a cover open and a cover closed position, said cover in said cover closed position covering said opening, said cover in said cover open position exposing said opening;
- a longitudinal connector guide disposed to cooperate with said
- 25 longitudinal adapter guide to direct said connector opening into axial alignment with said fiber coupling mechanism as said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to said fully inserted position;
- a cam pin receiving slot on said cover and disposed to receive said cam pin for said cam pin to urge said cover from said cover closed position to said
- 30 cover open position as said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to said fully inserted position.

10. A fiberoptic connector according to claim 9 wherein said adapter housing includes an internal door disposed within said interior and movable between
- 35 a door open position and a door closed position, in said door open position said fiber coupling mechanism exposed through said adapter open end, in said door closed position said door covering said fiber coupling mechanism, said fiberoptic connector further comprising:

a cam surface carried on said connector housing and positioned to urge said door from said door closed to said door open position as said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to said fully inserted position.

- 5 11. A fiberoptic connector according to claim 9 wherein:
 said connector housing includes a retaining clip carried thereon for
 releasably connecting with said adapter housing;
 said retaining clip including a movable end and a clip body having a
 fixed end secured to said connector housing, said clip body spaced from said
10 connector housing to define a volume;
 said retaining clip disposed for said movable end to be positioned
 between said connector opening and said fixed end.
12. A fiberoptic connector according to claim 11 wherein:
15 said movable end is spaced from opposing surfaces of said connector
 housing by a distance less than a thickness of a fiberoptic cable secured to said
 connector housing.
13. A fiberoptic connector according to claim 9 wherein said connector
20 housing contains a sealing ring disposed to seal against opposing surfaces of said
 fiber coupling mechanism when said connector is inserted into said adapter.
14. A fiberoptic connector according to claim 9 wherein a terminal end of
25 said fiber is at a non-orthogonal angle with respect to a longitudinal axis of said
 fiber.
15. A fiberoptic connector according to claim 14 wherein said connector
 housing includes an internal cavity sized to accommodate flexing of said fiber.
- 30 16. A fiberoptic adapter for mating with a connector having an outer
 connector housing having a longitudinal connector axis, an optical fiber disposed
 within said connector housing and having a terminal end exposed through an
 opening in a leading end of said connector housing, a cover carried on said
 connector housing and pivotally connected thereto to pivot between a cover open
35 and a cover closed position, said cover in said cover closed position covering said
 opening, said cover in said cover open position exposing said opening, said
 connector housing including a longitudinal connector guide aligned with said

longitudinal connector axis, and said cover including a cam pin receiving slot, said adapter comprising:

- an adapter housing having a longitudinal adapter axis and having walls defining an interior and an open end sized to receive said leading end with said longitudinal connector axis aligned with said longitudinal adapter axis;
- 5 a fiber coupling mechanism contained within said interior to couple with said optical fiber when said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to a fully inserted position;
- a longitudinal adapter guide disposed to cooperate with said longitudinal connector guide to direct said connector opening into axial alignment with said fiber coupling mechanism as said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to said fully inserted position;
- 10 a cam pin disposed within said interior to be received within said cam pin receiving slot and urge said cover from said cover closed position to said cover open position as said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to said fully inserted position.

17. An adapter according to claim 16 wherein:
- said cam pin is further disposed to urge said cover from said cover open position to said cover closed position as said connector housing is removed from said adapter housing.

18. An adapter according to claim 16 wherein said connector housing includes a cam surface, wherein:
- 25 said adapter housing includes an internal door disposed within said interior and movable between a door open position and a door closed position, in said door open position said fiber coupling mechanism exposed through said adapter open end, in said door closed position said door covering said fiber coupling mechanism, said cam surface positioned to urge said door from said door closed to said door open position as said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to said fully inserted position.

19. An adapter according to claim 16 wherein:
- said adapter housing has a substantially rectangular cross-section perpendicular to said adapter longitudinal axis, said cross-section including a major transverse axis and a minor transverse axis;
 - 35 said adapter housing including an internal divider extending parallel to said minor transverse axis and dividing said interior into first and second

connector receiving chambers each sized to receive individual ones of said connector housings and each having respective ones of said fiber coupling mechanism, said longitudinal adapter guide and said cam pin.

- 5 20. An adapter according to claim 19 wherein said connector housing has a connector transverse axis perpendicular to both said connector longitudinal axis and a pivot axis of said cover, wherein:

 said connector guide and said cam pin receiving slot are disposed to align with said adapter guide and said cam pin when said connector housing is
10 inserted into one of said chambers with said connector transverse axis parallel with said minor transverse axis.

21. An adapter according to claim 20 wherein said adapter housing has an exterior defining an SC adapter footprint.

15

22. A fiberoptic connector and adapter assembly comprising:

- a. a fiberoptic connector having:

1. an outer connector housing having a longitudinal connector axis;
 2. an optical fiber disposed within said connector housing and having
20 a terminal end exposed through an opening in a leading end of said connector housing;

- b. an adapter having:

1. an adapter housing having two parallel longitudinal adapter axes and having walls defining an exterior, an interior and an open end
25 extending parallel to said longitudinal adapter axes, said open end defining two chambers each coextending with said longitudinal adapter axes and each sized to selectively receive said leading end with said longitudinal connector axis aligned with one of said longitudinal adapter axes, said exterior defining an SC adapter footprint;
30 2. a fiber coupling mechanism contained within said interior to couple with said optical fiber when said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to a fully inserted position.

- 35 23. An assembly according to claim 22 wherein:

 said adapter housing has a substantially rectangular cross-section perpendicular to said adapter longitudinal axis, said cross-section including a major transverse axis and a minor transverse axis;

said adapter housing including an internal divider extending parallel to said minor transverse axis and dividing said interior into first and second connector receiving chambers each sized to receive individual ones of said connector housings and each having respective ones of said fiber coupling mechanism.

5

24. An assembly according to claim 23 wherein:

said outer connector housing has a major transverse axis and a minor transverse axis, each transverse axis of said outer connector housing perpendicular to said longitudinal connector axis, said major transverse axis of said outer connector housing extending in the same direction as the minor transverse axis of said adapter housing, and said minor transverse axis of said outer connector housing extending in the same direction as the major transverse axis of said adapter housing.

10

25. An assembly according to claim 24 wherein said open end of said adapter housing is a first open end, and wherein said adapter housing includes a second open end opposite to said first open end, said second open end defining two chambers each coextending with said longitudinal adapter axes, and further comprising four of said fiberoptic connectors each coupled to said adapter housing, one of said connectors received in each of said chambers.

15

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26. A fiberoptic connector and adapter assembly comprising:

a. a fiberoptic connector having:

25

1. an outer connector housing having a longitudinal connector axis, said connector housing including a longitudinal slot aligned with said longitudinal connector axis;
2. an optical fiber disposed within said connector housing and having a terminal end exposed through an opening in a leading end of said connector housing;

b. an adapter having:

30

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1. an adapter housing having a longitudinal adapter axis and having walls defining an interior and an open end sized to receive said leading end with said longitudinal connector axis aligned with said longitudinal adapter axis;
2. a fiber coupling mechanism contained within said interior to couple with said optical fiber when said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to a fully inserted position;
3. an inwardly projecting longitudinal rail disposed to cooperate with said longitudinal slot to direct said connector opening into axial

alignment with said fiber coupling mechanism as said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to said fully inserted position.

- 5 27. A fiberoptic connector and adapter assembly comprising:
- a. a fiberoptic connector having:
1. an outer connector housing having a longitudinal connector axis;
2. an optical fiber disposed within said connector housing and having
- 10 a terminal end exposed through an opening in a leading end of
- said connector housing;
3. a cover carried on said connector housing and pivotally connected
- thereto to pivot between a cover open and a cover closed position,
- said cover in said cover closed position covering said opening,
- said cover in said cover open position exposing said opening, said
- 15 cover including a cam pin receiving slot;
- b. an adapter having:
1. an adapter housing having a longitudinal adapter axis and having
- walls defining an interior and an open end sized to receive said
- 20 leading end with said longitudinal connector axis aligned with
- said longitudinal adapter axis;
2. a fiber coupling mechanism contained within said interior to
- couple with said optical fiber when said connector housing is
- inserted into said adapter housing to a fully inserted position;
3. a cam pin disposed within said interior to be received within said
- 25 cam pin receiving slot and urge said cover from said cover closed
- position to said cover open position as said connector housing is
- inserted into said adapter housing to said fully inserted position.
28. A fiberoptic adapter for mating with a fiberoptic connector having an
- 30 outer connector housing having a longitudinal connector axis, and an optical fiber
- disposed within said connector housing and having a terminal end exposed through
- an opening in a leading end of said connector housing, said adapter comprising:
- an adapter housing having two parallel longitudinal adapter axes and
- having walls defining an exterior, an interior and an open end extending parallel to
- 35 said longitudinal adapter axes, said open end and an internal divider defining two
- chambers each coextending with said longitudinal adapter axes and each sized to
- selectively receive said leading end with said longitudinal connector axis aligned

with one of said longitudinal adapter axes, said exterior defining an SC adapter footprint;

5 a fiber coupling mechanism contained within said interior to couple with said optical fiber when said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to a fully inserted position.

29. An adapter according to claim 28, further comprising two inwardly projecting rails, positioned to engage longitudinal slots in said outer connector housing to direct said connector opening into axial alignment with said fiber
10 coupling mechanism as said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to said fully inserted position.

30. An adapter according to claim 28 wherein said connector includes a cover carried on said connector housing and pivotally connected thereto to pivot
15 between a cover open and a cover closed position, said cover in said cover closed position covering said opening, said cover in said cover open position exposing said opening, said cover including a cam pin receiving slot, wherein:

said adapter includes a cam pin disposed within said interior to be received within said cam pin receiving slot and urge said cover from said cover
20 closed position to said cover open position as said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to said fully inserted position.

31. A fiberoptic connector for mating with an adapter having an adapter housing having two parallel longitudinal adapter axes and having walls defining an
25 exterior, an interior and an open end, said open end and an internal divider defining two parallel chambers, said exterior defining an SC adapter footprint, and a fiber coupling mechanism contained within said interior to couple with an aligned optical fiber, said connector comprising:

an outer connector housing having a longitudinal connector axis,
30 wherein said outer connector housing is sized to be received within either of said two chambers with said longitudinal connector axis aligned with one of said longitudinal adapter axes;

an optical fiber disposed within said connector housing and having a terminal end exposed through an opening in a leading end of said connector housing,
35 said fiber disposed for said terminal end to be coupled with said fiber coupling mechanism when said connector housing is inserted into said adapter housing to a fully inserted position.

32. A connector according to claim 31, further comprising two longitudinal slots in said outer connector housing, positioned to engage two inwardly projecting rails on said adapter to direct said connector opening into axial alignment with said fiber coupling mechanism as said connector housing is inserted
5 into said adapter housing to said fully inserted position.

33. A connector according to claim 31 wherein said adapter includes a cam pin disposed within said interior, wherein:
said connector includes a cover carried on said connector housing and
10 pivotally connected thereto to pivot between a cover open and a cover closed position, said cover in said cover closed position covering said opening, said cover in said cover open position exposing said opening, said cover including a cam pin receiving slot disposed to receive said cam pin for said cam pin to urge said cover
15 housing is inserted into said adapter housing to said fully inserted position.

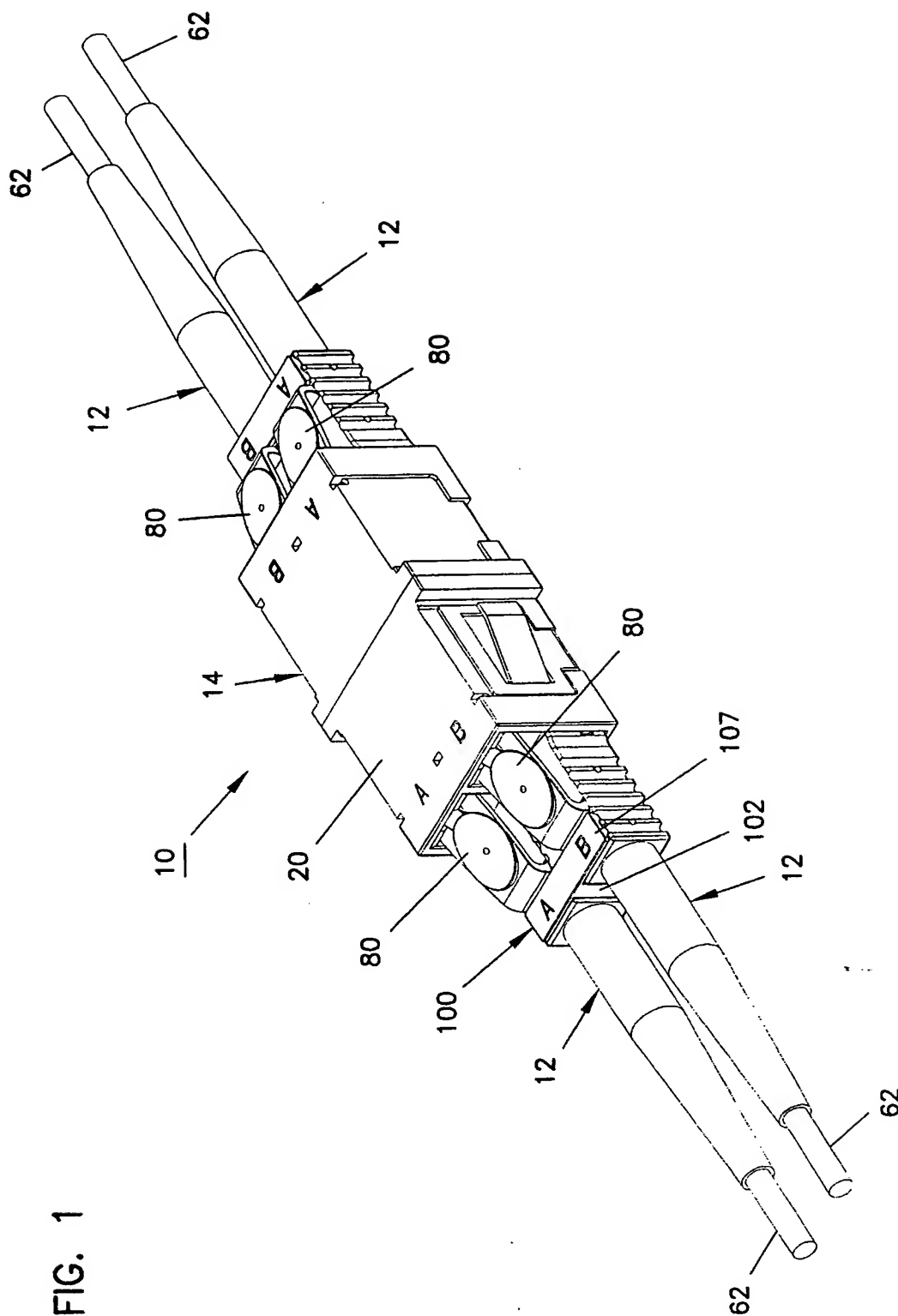
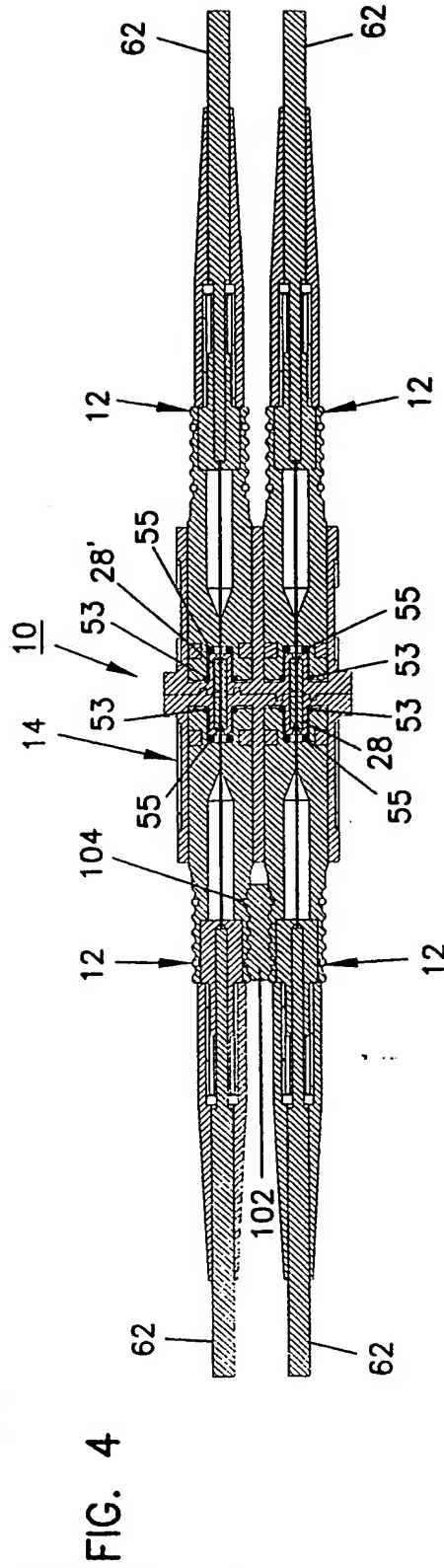
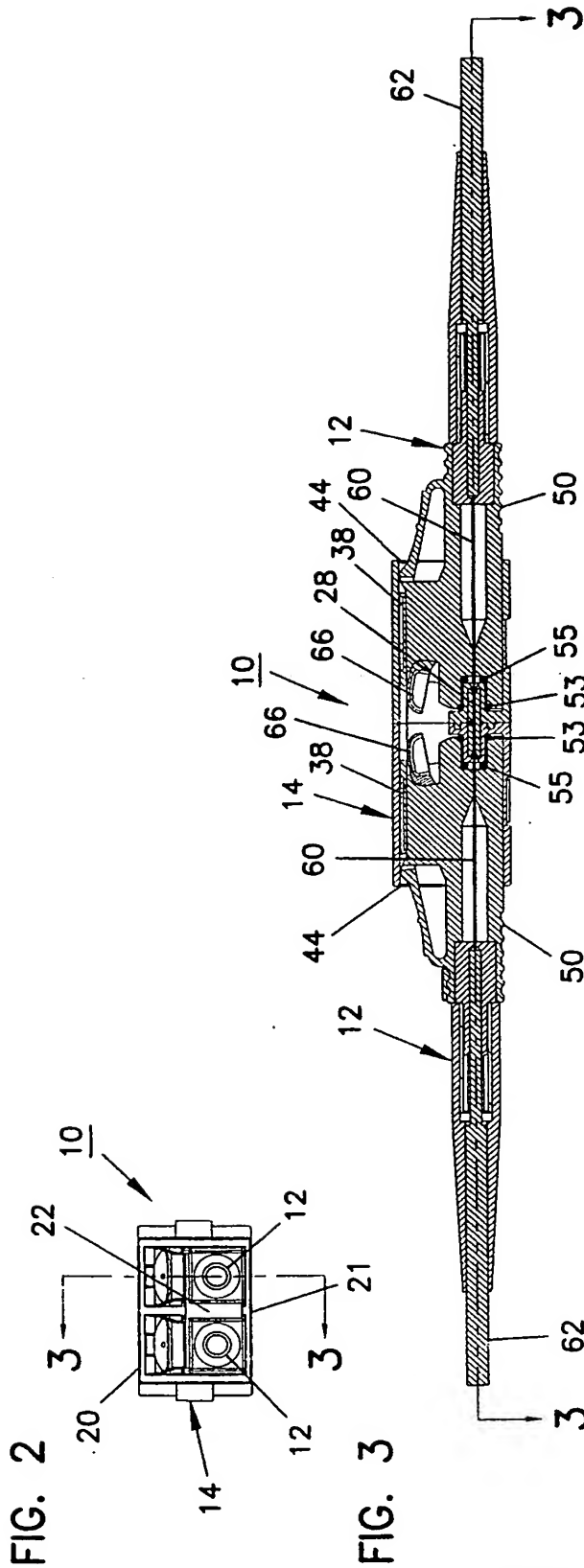
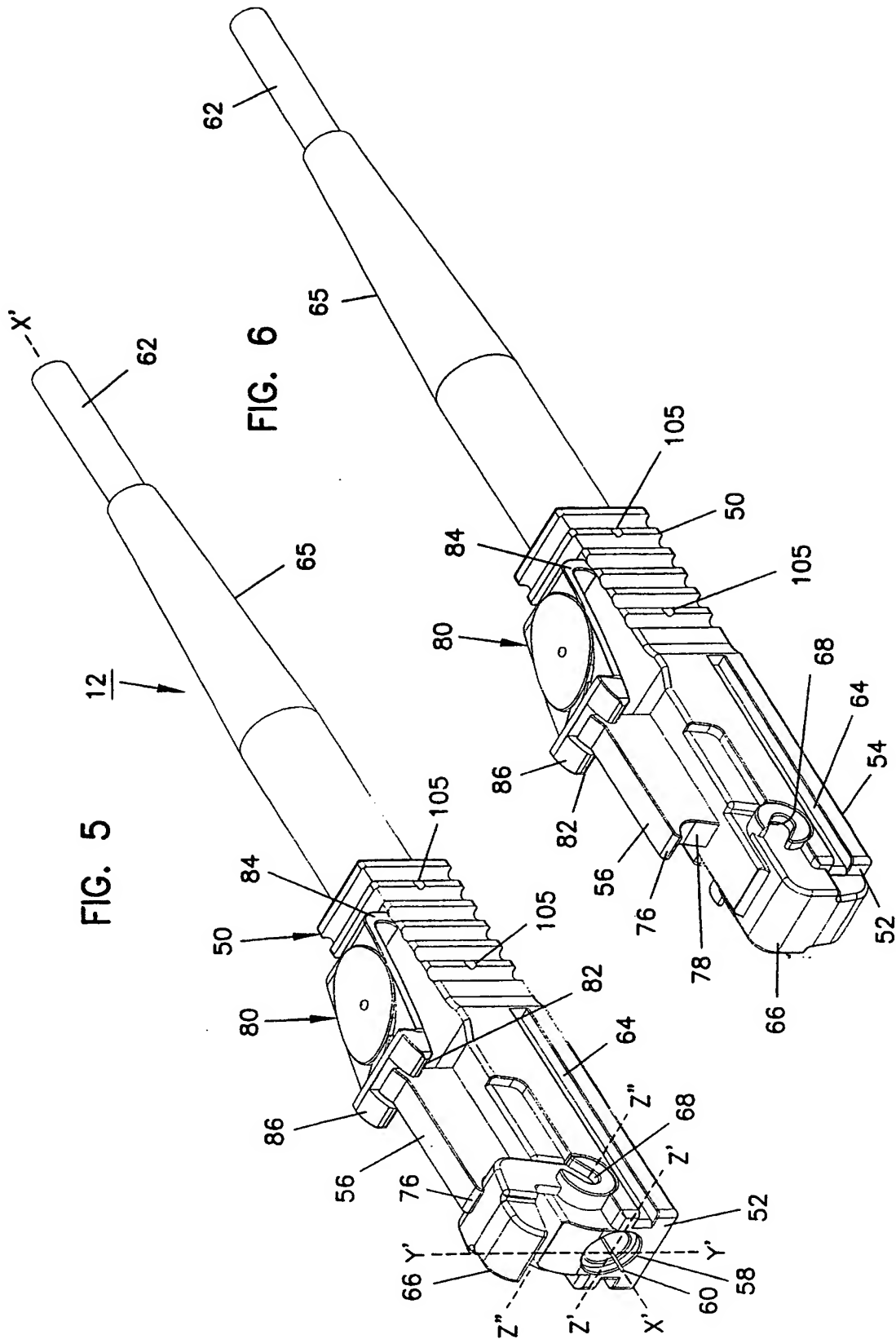


FIG. 1





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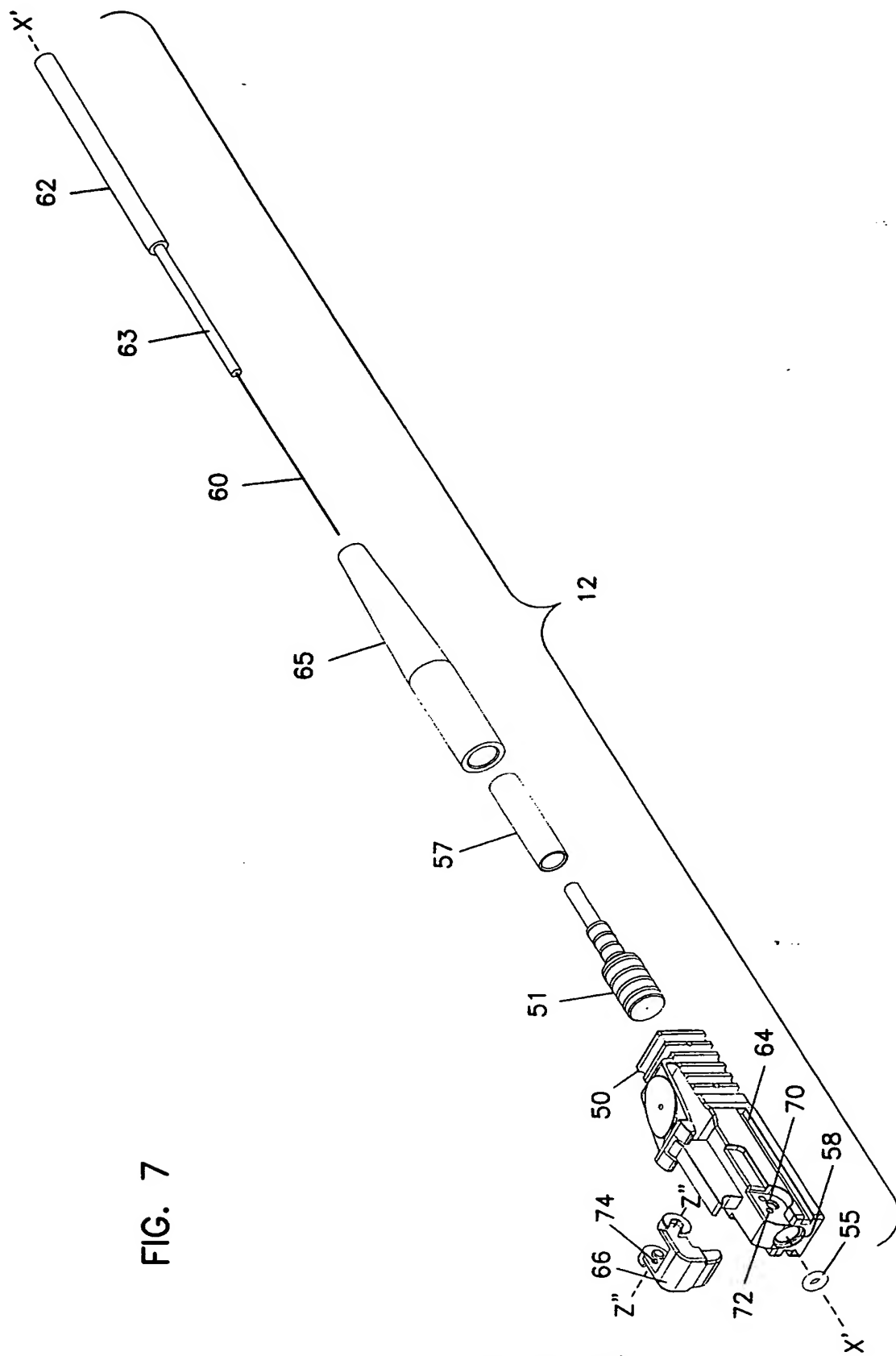


FIG. 7

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FIG. 8

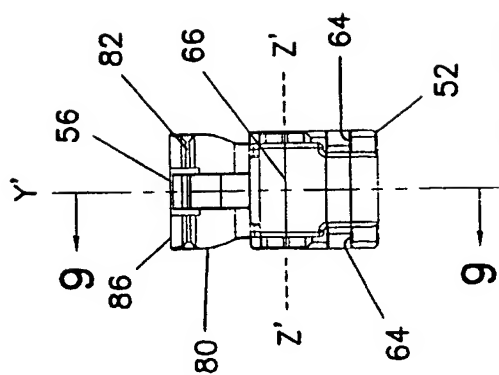
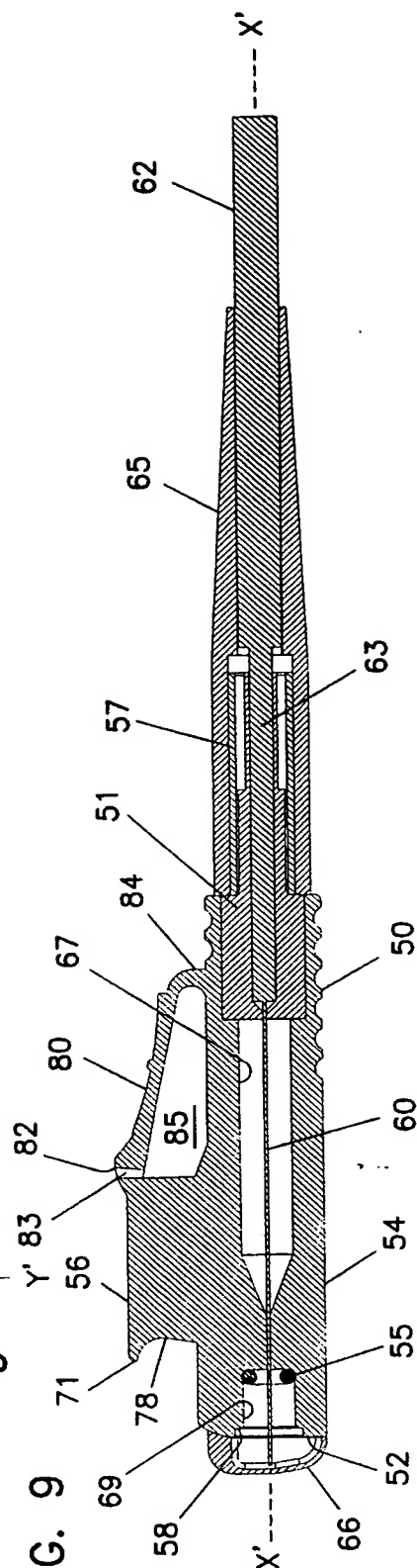
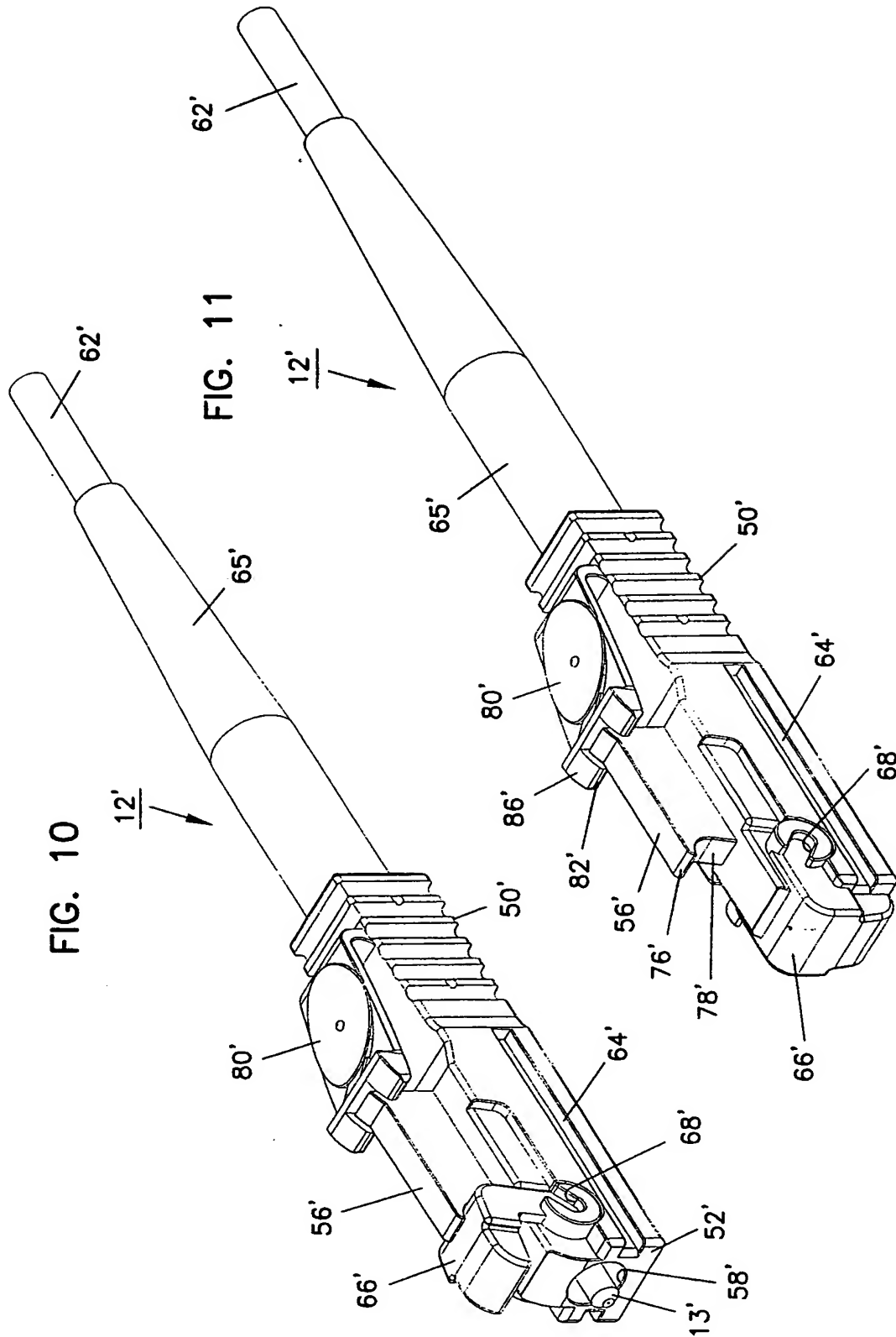


FIG. 9



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7/16

FIG. 12

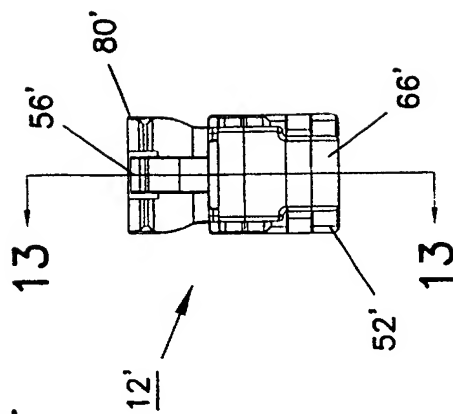
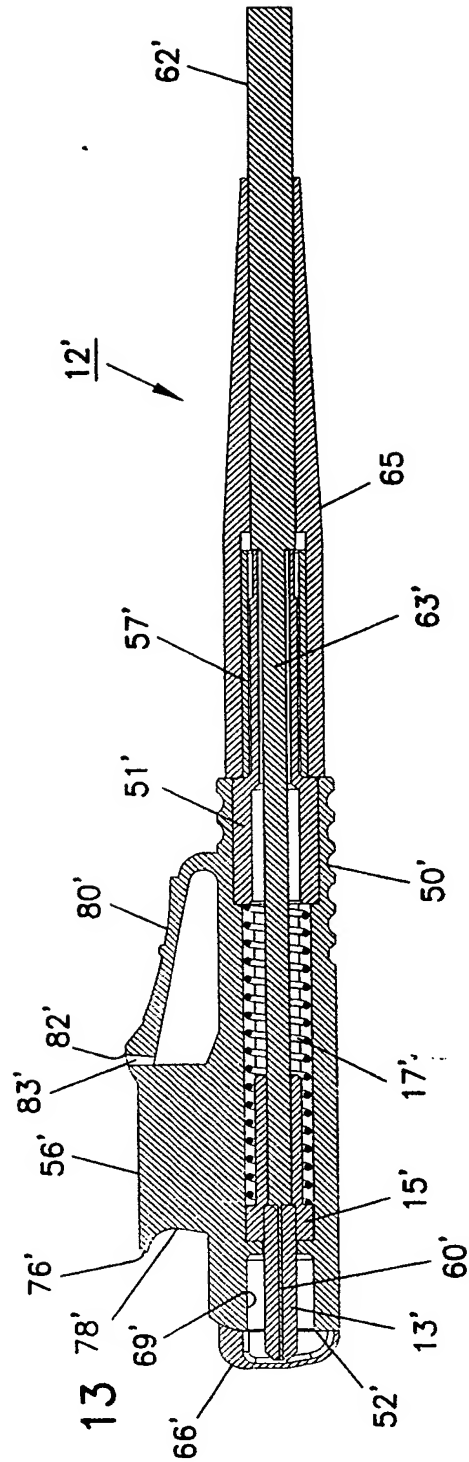


FIG. 13



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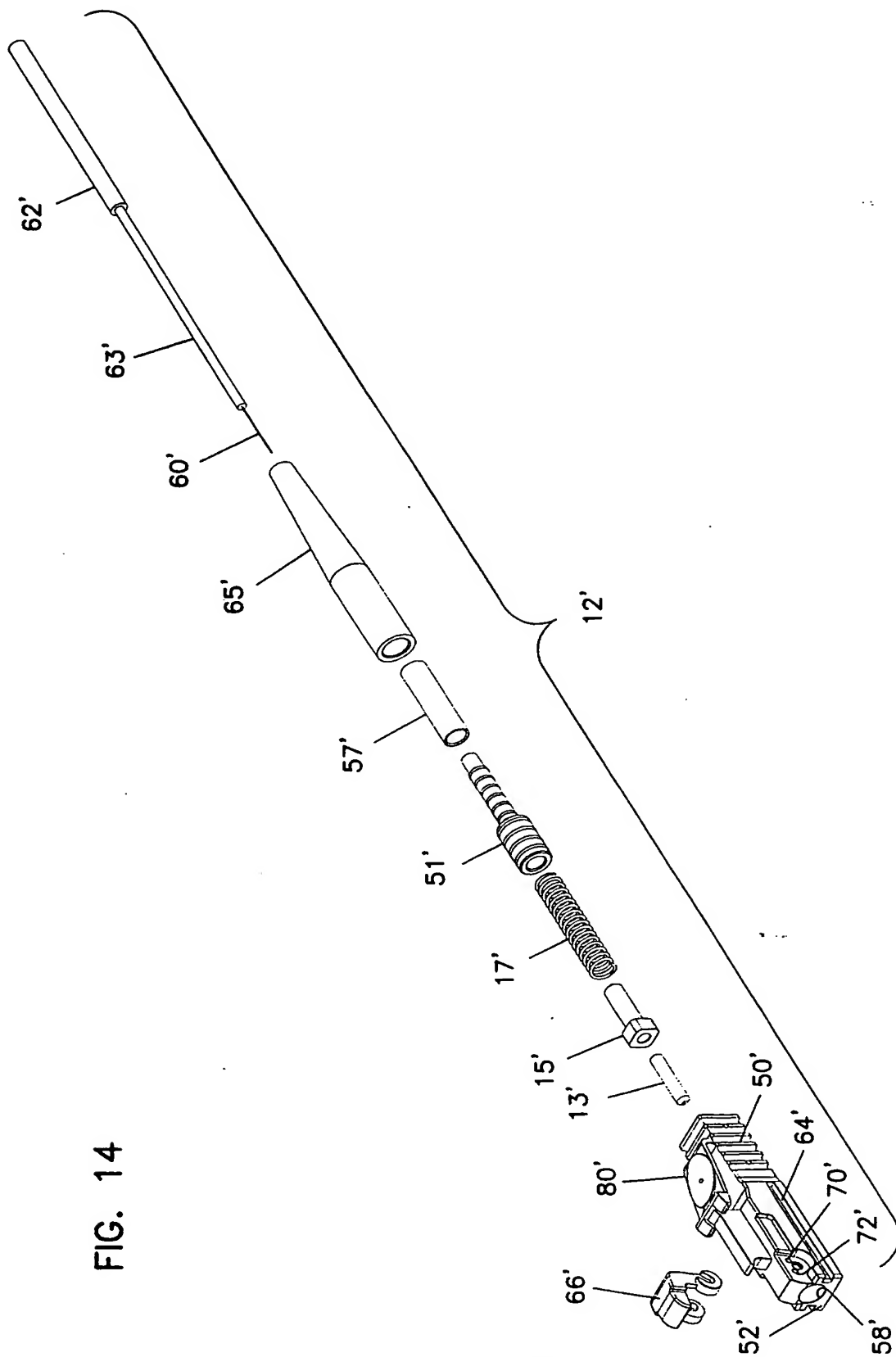


FIG. 14

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9/16

FIG. 15

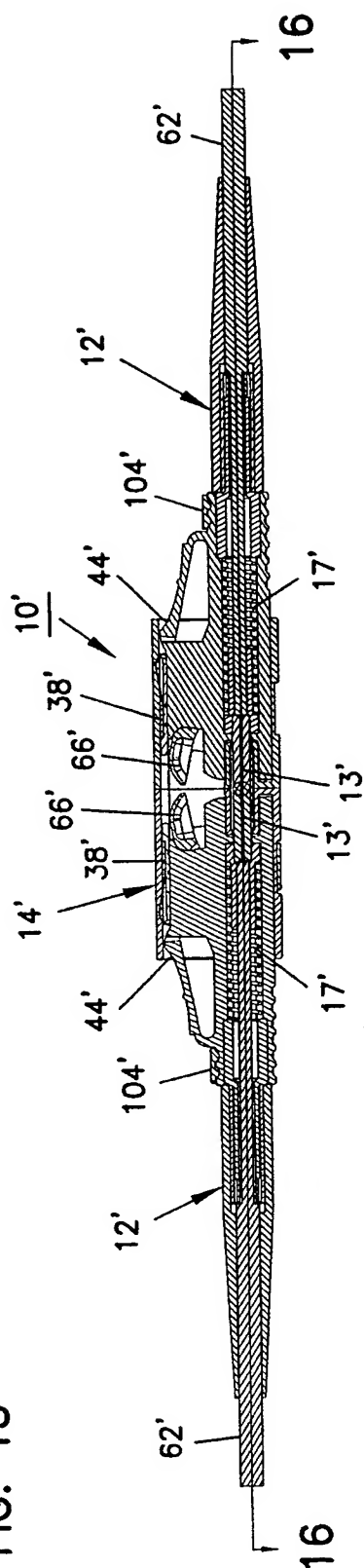
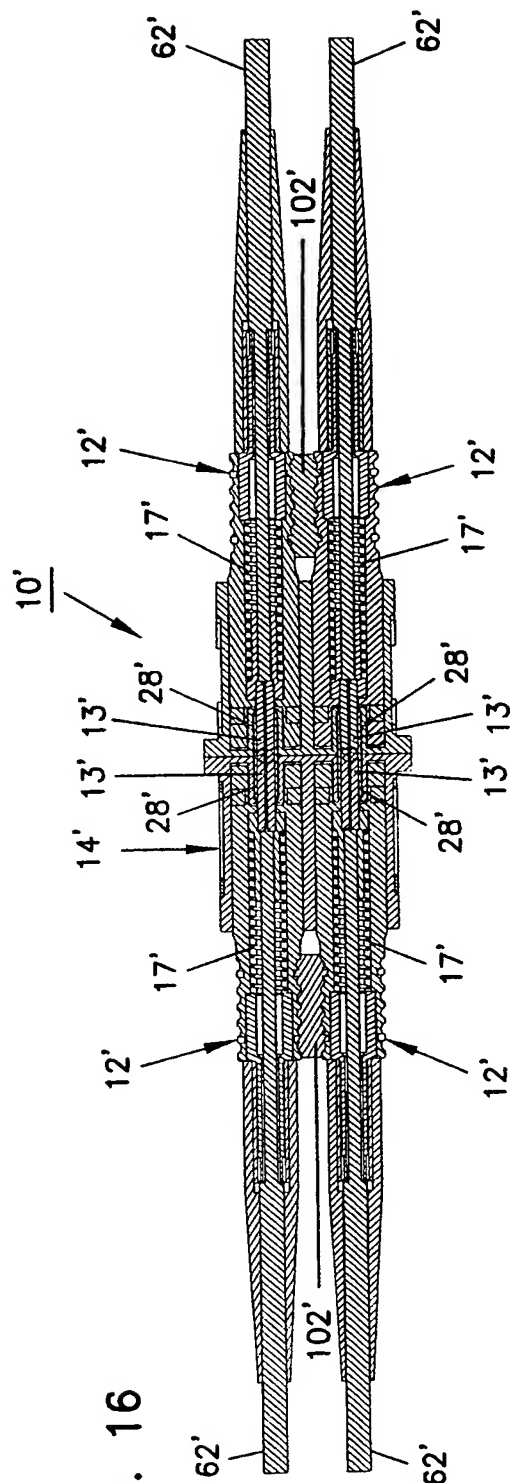


FIG. 16



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10/16

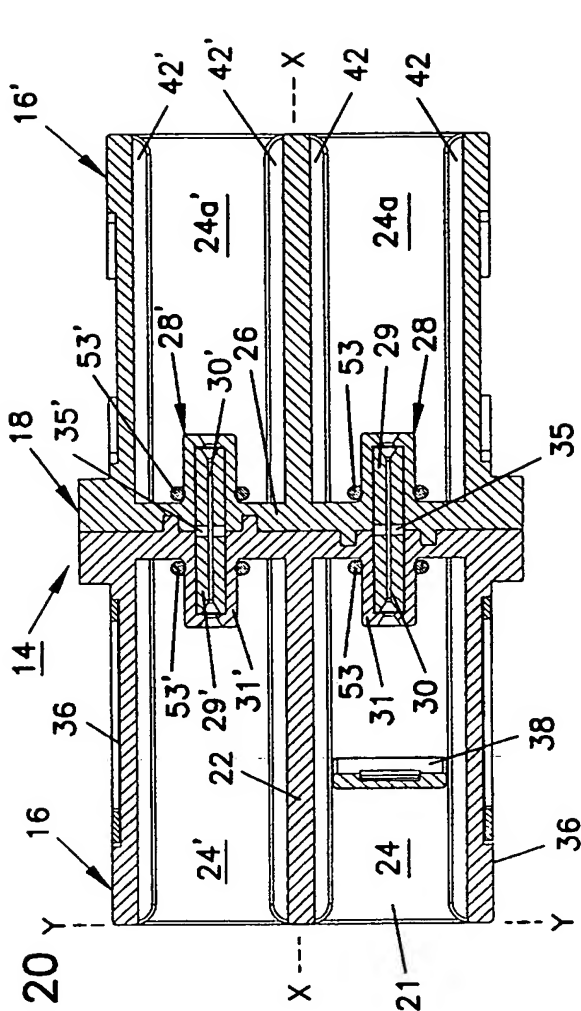


FIG. 17

FIG. 20

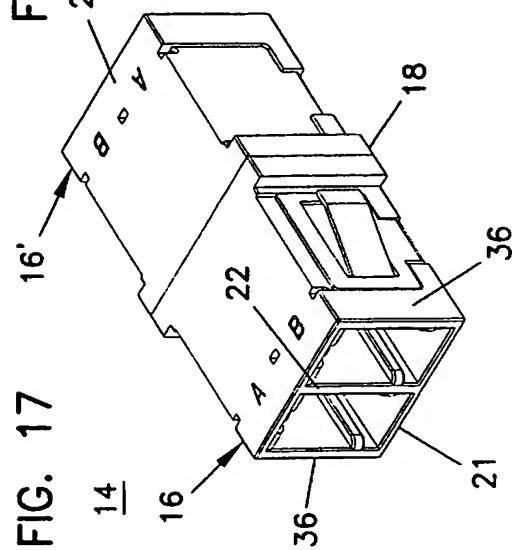


FIG. 18

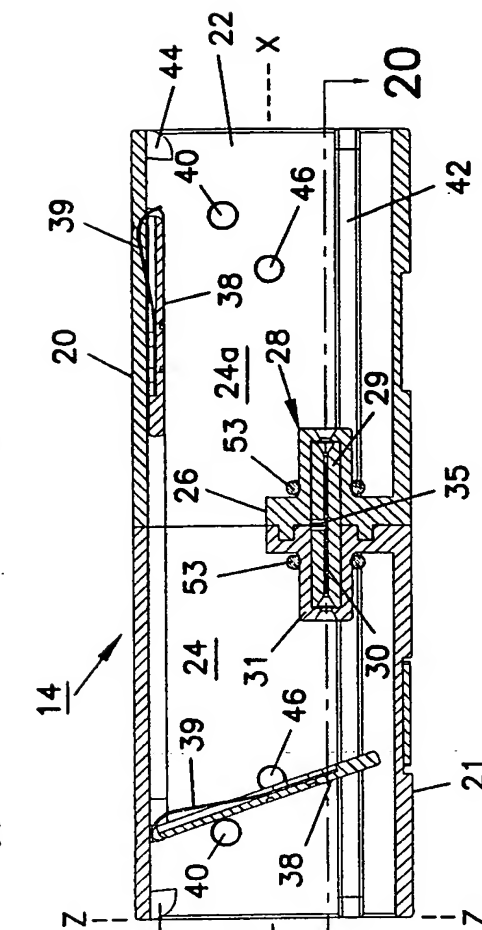


FIG. 19

FIG. 20

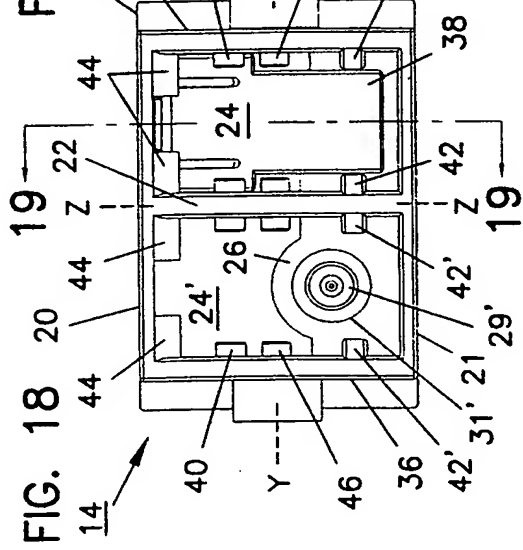


FIG. 20

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11/16

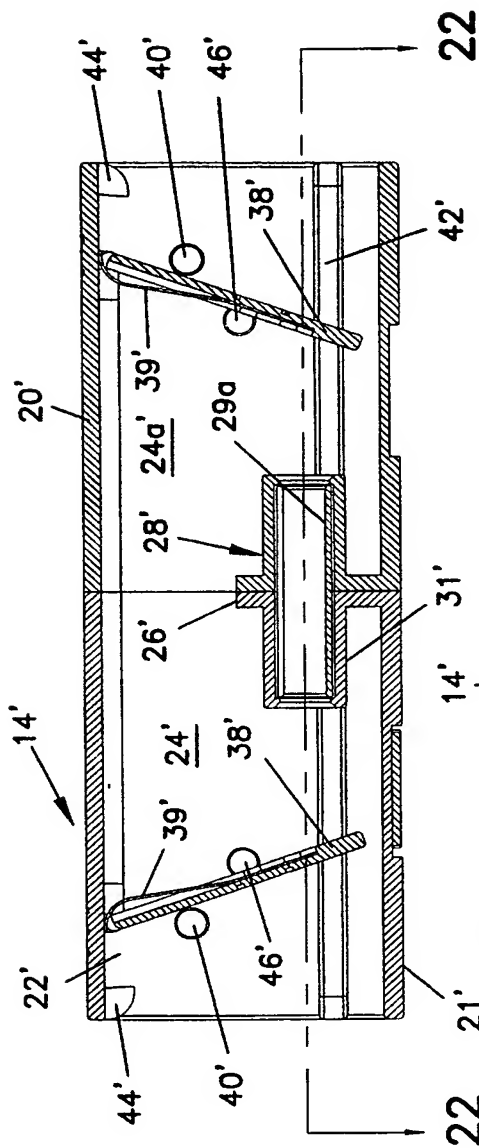


FIG. 21

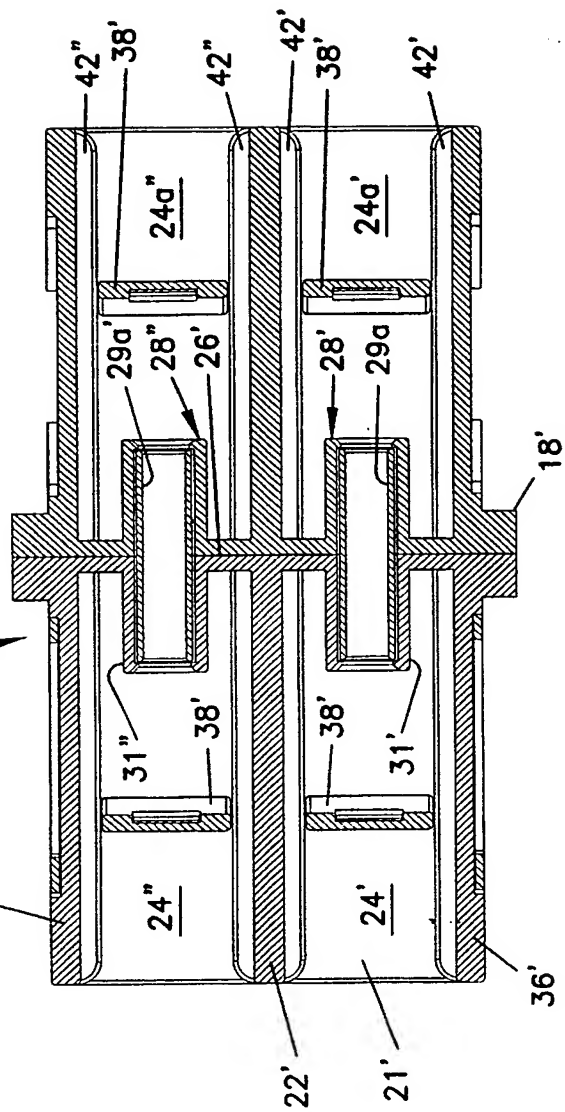


FIG. 22

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12/16

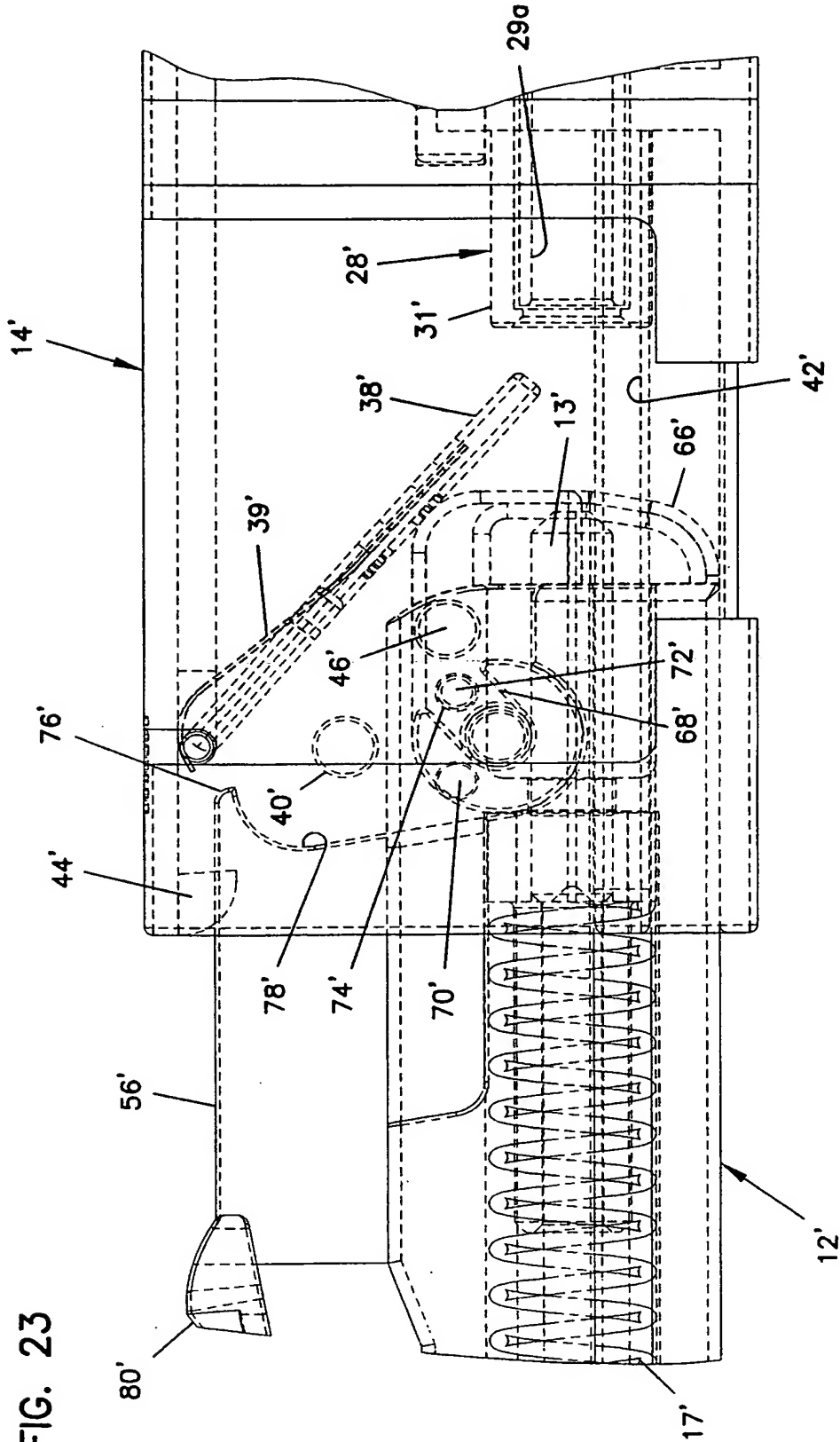
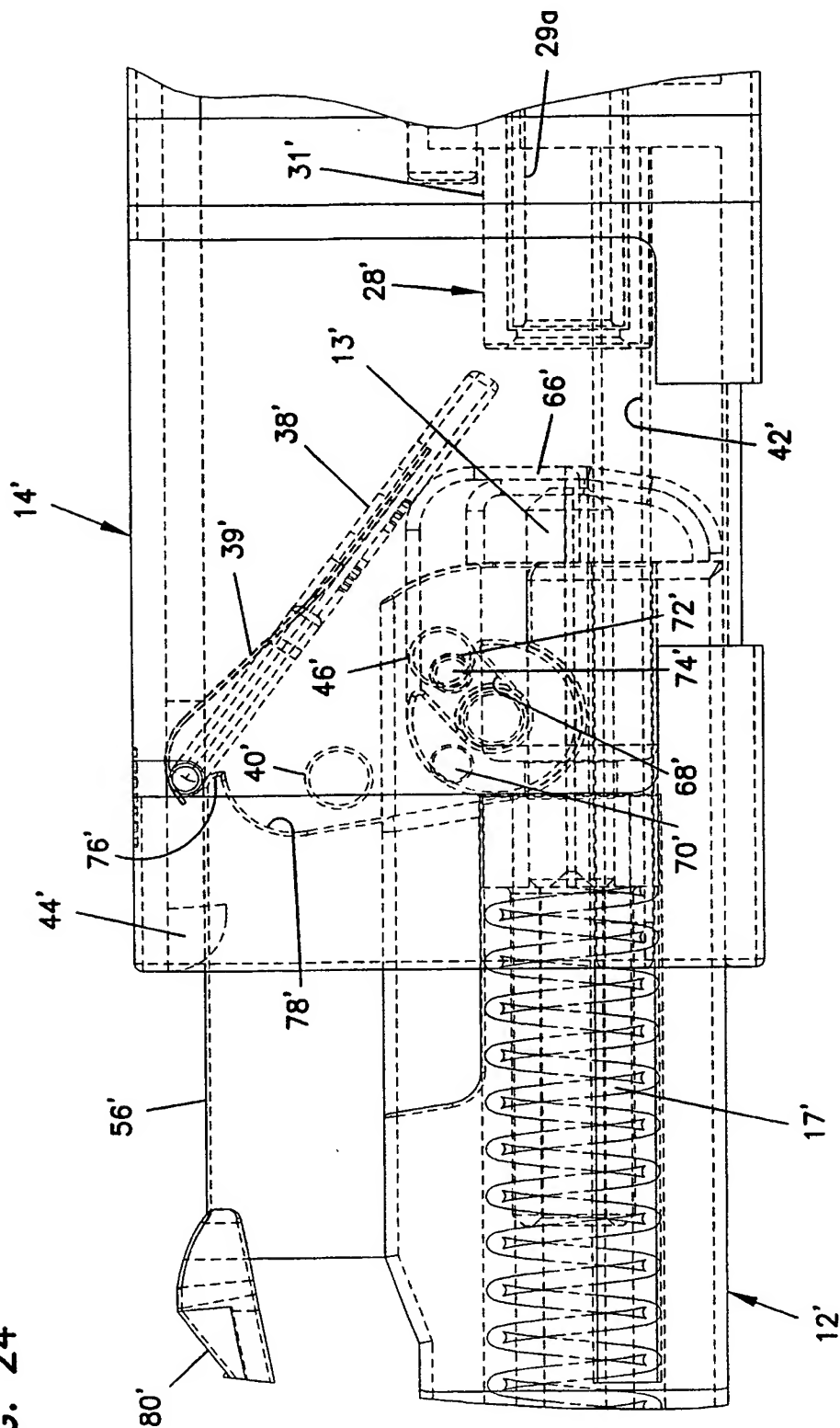


FIG. 23

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FIG. 24



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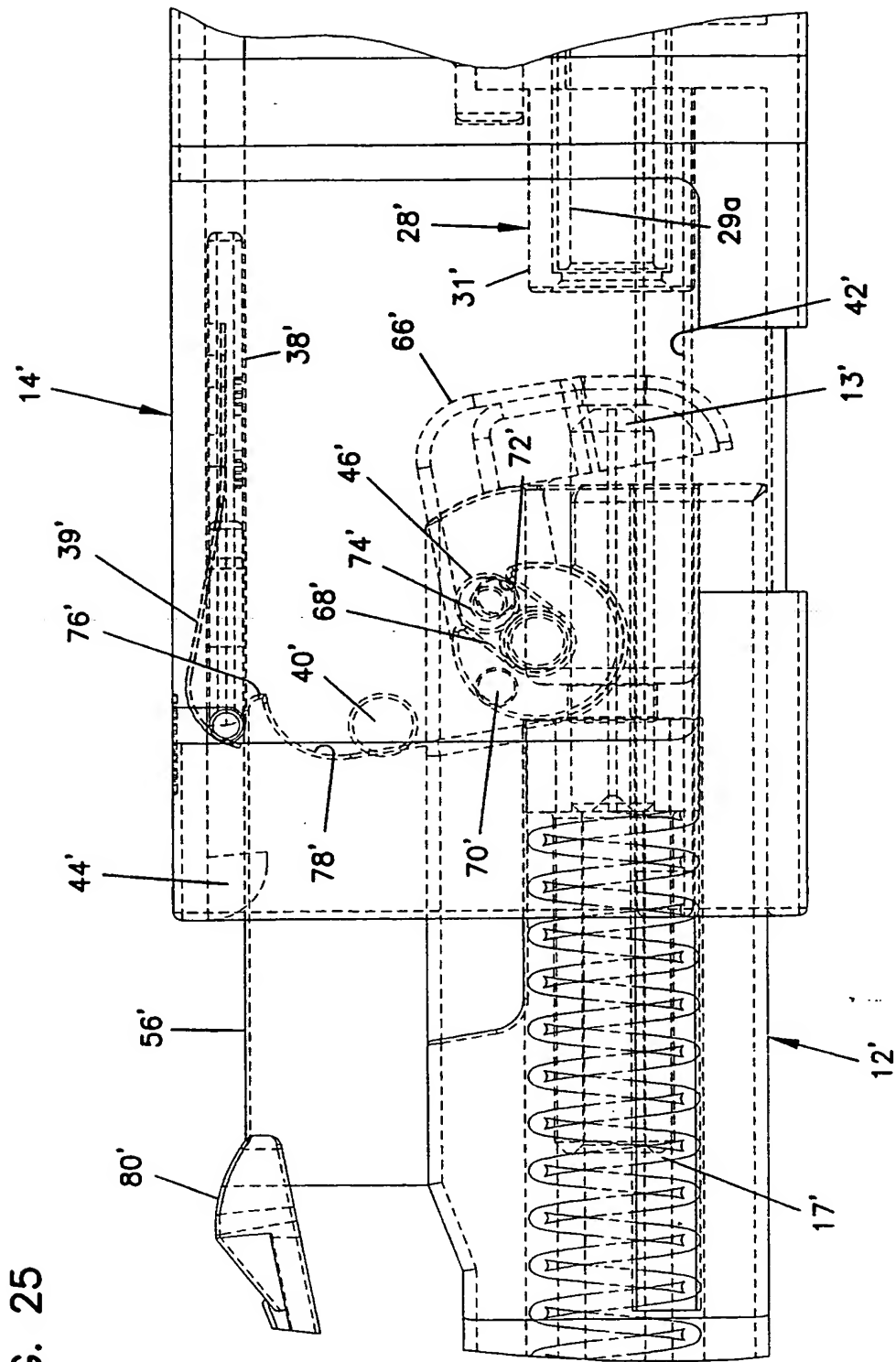


FIG. 25

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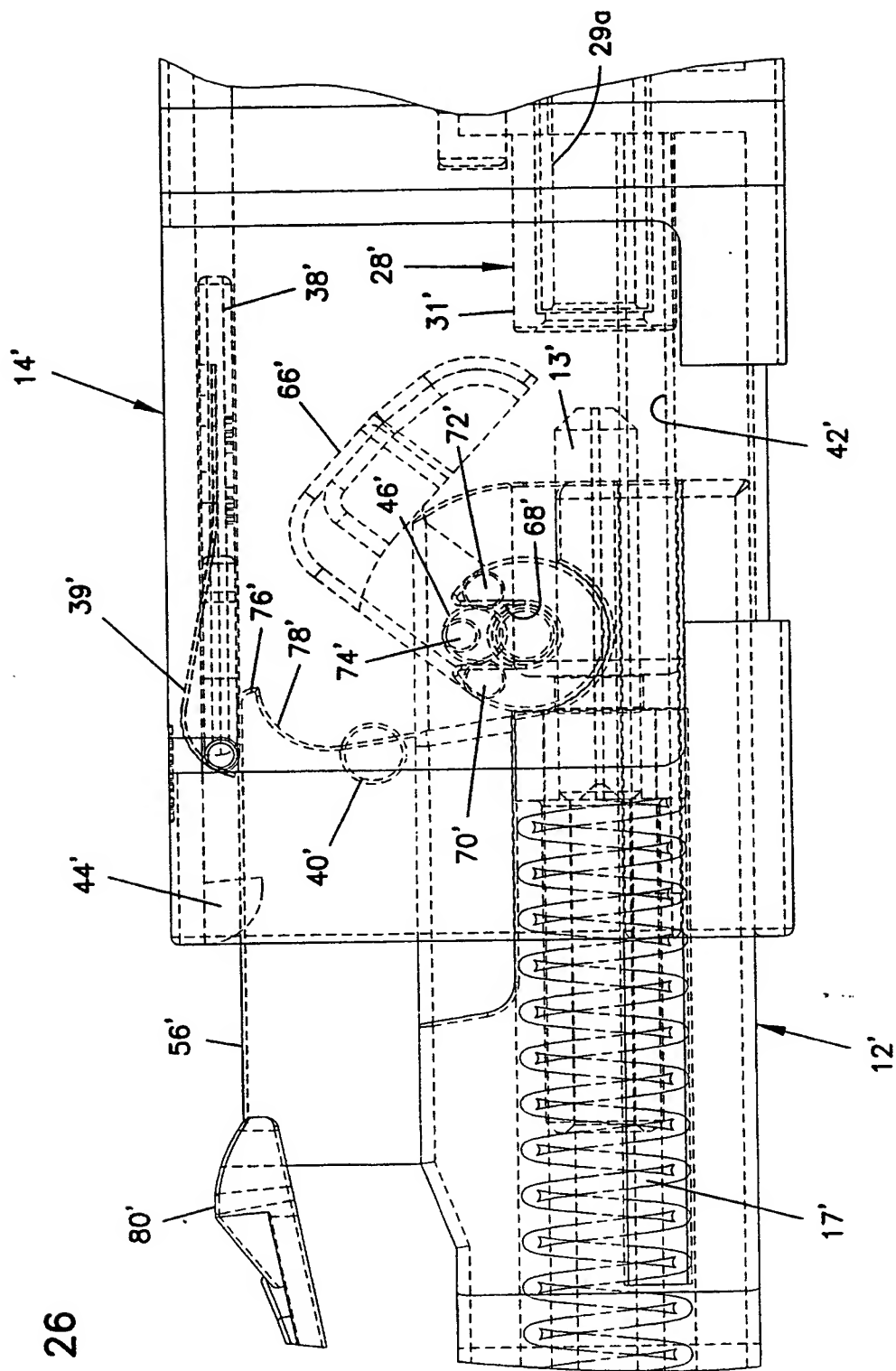
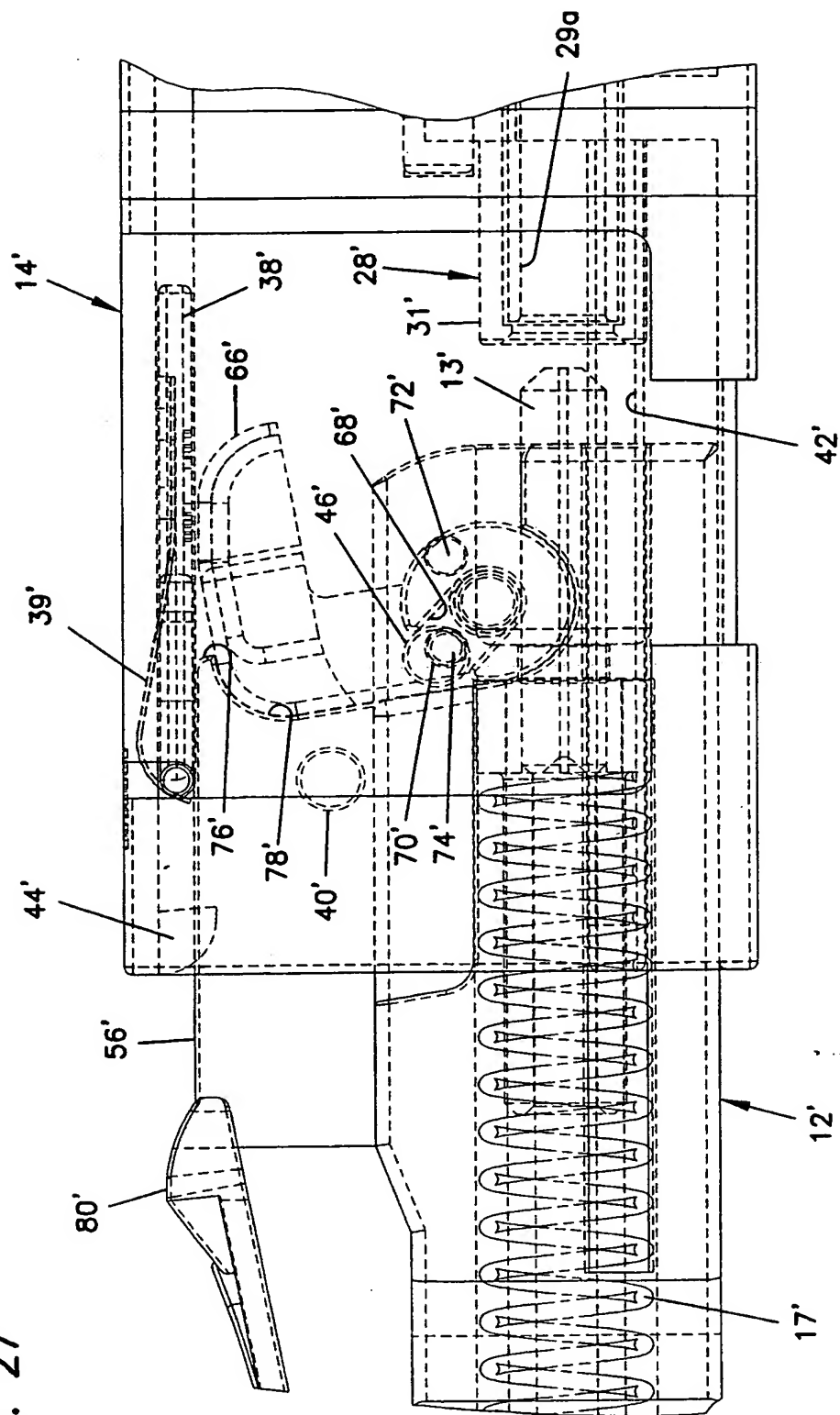


FIG. 26

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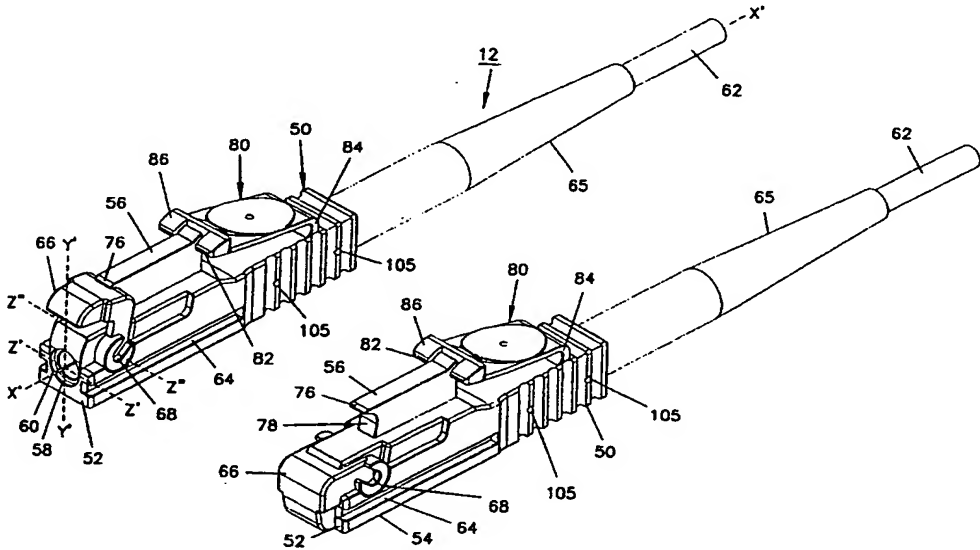
FIG. 27



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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : G02B 6/38	A3	(11) International Publication Number: WO 98/53347 (43) International Publication Date: 26 November 1998 (26.11.98)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US98/09820 (22) International Filing Date: 14 May 1998 (14.05.98) (30) Priority Data: 08/859,533 20 May 1997 (20.05.97) US (71) Applicant: ADC TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. [US/US]; 12501 Whitewater Drive, Minnetonka, MN 55343 (US). (72) Inventor: LU, Liang-Ju; 15815 Scenic Heights Road, Eden Prairie, MN 55344 (US). (74) Agent: BRUESS, Steven, C.; Merchant, Gould, Smith, Edell, Welter & Schmidt, P.A., 3100 Norwest Center, 90 South Seventh Street, Minneapolis, MN 55402-4131 (US).		(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>With international search report.</i> <i>Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims</i> <i>and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.</i> (88) Date of publication of the international search report: 1 April 1999 (01.04.99)
(54) Title: FIBER CONNECTOR AND ADAPTER  (57) Abstract <p>Fiberoptic connector and adapter assembly (10) includes a fiberoptic connector (12) received within an adapter (14). The connector has a cover (66) on the connector housing (50). The cover pivots between open and closed positions to expose or cover, respectively, an optical fiber (60) contained within the connector. Longitudinal guides (64) of the connector are received cooperating with longitudinal guides (42, 42') of the adapter to direct the connector into the adapter in a prescribed alignment. A cam pin (46) is carried on the adapter to engage a cam pin receiving slot (68) on the cover to urge the cover to the open position as the connector is inserted into the adapter.</p>		

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 98/09820

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 6 G02B6/38

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 6 G02B

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	EP 0 599 784 A (DIAMOND) 1 June 1994 cited in the application see abstract; figures 1-6 ----	1,9,16, 26,27
A	EP 0 570 652 A (DIAMOND) 24 November 1993 cited in the application see abstract; figures 1-12 ----	1,9,16, 26,27
Y	US 5 317 663 A (M.S.BEARD) 31 May 1994 cited in the application see figures 1-4 ----	22,28,31
Y	DE 296 14 436 U (DIAMOND) 10 October 1996 see page 5 - page 6; figures 1-8 ----	22,28,31
Y	EP 0 733 922 A (AT&T) 25 September 1996 see abstract; figures 1-17 -----	22,28,31

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☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

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Date of the actual completion of the international search

26 January 1999

Date of mailing of the international search report

10. 02. 99

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Malic, K

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US 98/09820

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

see additional sheet

1. ☒ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
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Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☒ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

Form PCT/ISA/210 (continuation of first sheet (1)) (July 1992)

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

This International Searching Authority found multiple (groups of) inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. Claims: 1-21,26,27

A FIBEROPTIC CONNECTOR AND ADAPTER ASSEMBLY COMPRISING A COVER CARRIED ON SAID CONNECTOR HOUSING AND PIVOTALLY CONNECTED THERTO TO PIVOT BETWEEN A COVER OPEN AND COVER CLOSED POSITION AND AN ADAPTER HOUSING HAVING A (ONLY ONE) LONGITUDINAL ADAPTER AXIS

2. Claims: 22-25,28-33

A FIBEROPTIC CONNECTOR AND ADAPTER ASSEMBLY COMPRISING AN ADAPTER HOUSING HAVING TWO PARALLEL LONGITUDINAL ADAPTER AXIS

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/US 98/09820

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